## Arjuna JEE 2.0 2026

## Chemistry

## **Chemical Bonding and Molecular Structure**

DPP: 6

## **Total Duration-36 Mins.**

- Q1 A molecule  $MX_4$  has a square planar shape. The number of non-bonding pair of electrons is
  - (A) 2

(B) 1

- (C) 3
- (D) 0
- **Q2** The percentage of s-character in the hybridized orbitals of B in  $BF_3$  is
  - (A) 25
- (B) 50
- (C) 75
- (D) 33.3
- **Q3** In which of the following pairs both the species have  $sp^3$  hybridization?
  - (A)  $\mathrm{SiF}_4,\mathrm{BeH}_2$
  - (B)  $NF_3$ ,  $H_2O$
  - (C)  $NF_3$ ,  $BF_3$
  - (D)  $H_2S$ ,  $BF_3$
- Q4 Which of the following statements is correct?
  - (A)  $sp^3$  hybrid orbitals have equal s and p character.
  - (B) The bond angle decreases with the decrease of s character of the hybridized orbital.
  - (C) Resonance decreases the stability of a molecule.
  - (D) Resonance is due to the delocalization of sigma electrons.
- **Q5** The percentage s-character of the hybrid orbitals in methane, ethene and ethyne are respectively
  - (A) 25, 33, 50
  - (B) 25, 50, 75
  - (C) 50, 75, 100
  - (D) 10, 20, 40
- ${f Q6}$  The percentage of p-character of the hybrid orbitals in graphite and diamond are respectively
  - (A) 33 and 25
- (B) 50 and 75

- (C) 67 and 75
- (D) 33 and 75
- **Q7** Pick out the incorrect statement from the following
  - (A) sp hybrid orbitals are equivalent and are at an angle of  $180^{\circ}$  with each other.
  - (B)  $sp^2$  hybrid orbitals are equivalent and bond angle between any two of them is  $120^\circ$
  - (C)  $sp^3d^2$  hybrid orbitals are equivalent and are oriented towards corners of a regular octahedron.
  - (D)  $sp^3d^3$  hybrid orbitals are not equivalent.
- **Q8** The hybridization of carbon in molecule  ${\rm CO}_2$  is
  - (A) sp
  - (B)  $sp^2$
  - (C)  $sp^3$
  - (D)  $sp^3d$
- Q9 What is the type of hybridisation found in methane?
  - (A)  $sp^3$
- (B)  $sp^2$
- (C)  $sp^1$
- (D) None of these
- Q10 The hybridization at carbons involved in  $\overset{*}{C}-\overset{*}{C}$  bond in  $HC \equiv \overset{*}{C}-\overset{*}{C}H=CH_2$  is
  - (A)  $sp^3-sp^2$
  - (B)  $sp^3-sp^3$
  - (C)  $sp-sp^2$
  - (D)  $sp-sp^3$
- **Q11** The hybridisation and shape of  $ClO_3^-$  is
  - (A)  $sp^3$  and tetrahedral
  - (B)  $sp^3$  and triangular pyramidal
  - (C)  $sp^3$  and triangular planar
  - (D)  $sp^3d$  and trigonal bipyramidal

- **Q12** The state of hybridization of Xe in  $XeF_4$  is (A)  $sp^2$ 

  - (B)  $sp^3$
  - (C)  $sp^3$ d
  - (D)  $sp^3d^2$
- **Q13**  $sp^2$ -hybridization is shown by
  - (A)  $\mathrm{BeCl}_2$
  - (B)  ${
    m BF}_3$
  - (C)  $\mathrm{NH}_3$
  - (D)  ${
    m XeF}_2$



Answer	Key
--------	-----

Q1	(A)	Q8	(A)
Q2	(D)	Q9	(A)
Q3	(B)	Q10	(C)
Q4	(B)	Q11	(B)
Q5	(A)	Q12	(D)
Q6	(C)	Q13	(B)
Q7	(D)		



**Master NCERT with PW Books APP**